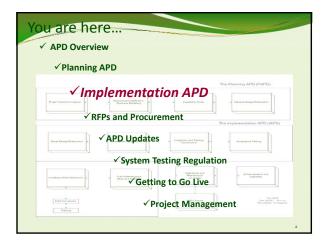
The Implementation Advance Planning Document

(IAPD)



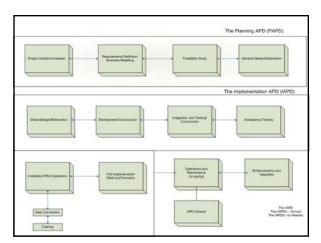
Acronyms used in this module: APD – Advance Planning Document APDU – Advance Planning Document Update CBA – Cost Benefit Analysis FFP – Federal financial participation FFY – Federal Fiscal Year FNS – Food and Nutrition Service IAPD – Implementation Advance Planning Document IS – Information System IT – Information Technology M&O – Maintenance and Operations NSA – Nutrition Services and Administration SAE – State Administrative Expense SNAP – Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program USDA – United States Department of Agriculture WIC – Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children

Learning Objectives

After completing this module, learners will:

- ➤ Understand the purpose of the IAPD
- ➤ Understand the components that comprise the IAPD
- >Understand the contents of each component
- ➤ Know the process and steps for an IAPD submission and review

4



Purpose

- ➤ Prior approval and requests use of Federal funds to carry our the proposed project
- ➤ Includes the design, development, testing and implementation activities; including acquisitions



Tips for Submitting an IAPD

- >Well written and meet all review criteria
- ➤Incomplete or poorly written documents will result in delays or disapproval
- >Don't underestimate FNS review time



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An IAPD Tells Us

- Who you are
- What it is you want to automate and what benefit it is to FNS
- Why you want to automate it
- When you want to do this
- How you want to accomplish it
- How much it will cost
- Who pays for it

8

An IAPD Tells Us

- Culmination of the Planning process
- Provides results of the analysis and feasibility of various automation alternatives
- Describes proposed automation project
- Provides initial management plan for acquiring, developing, testing and implementing selected alternative

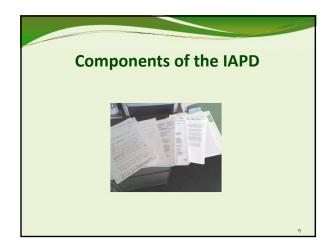
IAPD Submission Thresholds		
	Program/Funding Source	
Stakeholder	SNAP	WIC
State agency prepares and submits IAPD 60 days before project initiation. FNS reviews within 60 days.	For all projects >\$6 million total project costs	For all projects requesting funding ≥\$500,000 total costs
		HINT: It's in the 901!

Remember

Costs that otherwise might be approvable, may be disallowed if you do not obtain prior approval of your IAPD from FNS

IAPD Documentation Requirements by Program WIC EBT WIC SAM SNAP SNAP EBT Transmittal Letter with Official Signature 4 - Feasibility Study/Alternatives Analysis N/A 5- Cost-Benefit Analysis N/A 6- General Systems Design N/A 7- Capacity Planning or Study N/A 8- Project Management Plan X HINT: 10- Schedule of Activities, Milestones, and 11- Proposed Budget 12- Cost Allocation Plan 13- Security Planning 14- Request for Waiver of Depreciation 15-Test Plan 16-Training Plan





WHO

Transmittal Letter

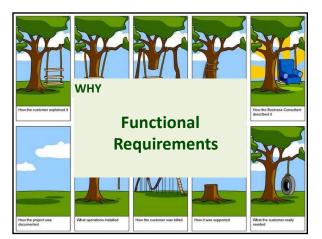
- Letter signed by a State official with authority to commit State resources
- Demonstrates you have executive involvement and backing

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WHY

Executive Summary

- ➤ Describes business need at a high-level
- ➤ Identifies the stakeholders
- Summarizes advantages, challenges and shortcomings the proposed system will address
- ➤ Identifies resources required
- ➤ States the technical, financial, and program impacts of the project



-	-	
t)	

Functional Requirements Document

Comprehensive description of functions to be included in the system

- Federal SNAP requirements defined in ADP/CIS Model Plan (7 CFR 272.10)
- Federal WIC mandatory and optional requirements are available in WIC FReD

Requirements Definition

Functional: "The What" Technical: "The How"

- ➤ Non-technical
- ➤ Detailed components
- ➤ Plain English
- ➤ Particular technology
- ➤ What it is and does
- **≻**Performance
- > Features and
- specifications
- capabilities
- ➤ Project team oriented
- ➤ Customer oriented

Good Requirements are:

- Complete
- Valid based on legitimate business needs
- Clear unambiguous and precisely written
- Consistent
- Feasible
- Testable
- Traceable linked to a source

WHY

Overview of the Feasibility Study

- >A preliminary study that determines whether the project being considered is technically, financially, and operationally viable
- ➤Is directly linked to the Functional Requirements Document (FRD) in that the FRD is the baseline against which various approaches are assessed
- >Must include an alternatives analysis

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WHY

Alternatives Analysis

- ➤ Analysis of alternatives for hardware, software, and functionality
- ➤ Demonstrates if a system is feasible technically, financially, operationally, and functionally
- >Demonstrates which alternative is the "best fit"



Alternatives Analysis What's the Point?

Demonstrates which alternative is the "best fit"

- **≻**Technically
- **>**Financially
- **≻**Operationally
- *≻*Functionally



Alternatives Analysis What's the Point?

Demonstrates which alternative is the "best fit"

- **≻**Technically
- **>** Financially
- **≻**Operationally
- **>**Functionally



WHY

What are "Alternatives"?

Alternatives **MUST** include:

- ➤ Transferring a SAM (WIC only)
- >Transferring a system from another State (SNAP)

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WHY

What are "Alternatives"?

Alternatives MAY include:

- ➤ Upgrading or enhancing the existing system
- ➤ Transferring a system or components from another State
- ➤Integrating with other systems (Medicaid, etc.)
- > Developing a new system from the ground up
- ➤ Hosted solution (another State, cloud)

WHY

Alternatives Analysis



The number of alternatives is driven by the State agency; as long as the same analysis and methodology are applied to each alternative.

28

WHY

Alternatives Analysis



- ➤ How will changes to existing systems and processes be accomplished (interfaces, data exchanges)?
- ➤ Organizational effect upon personnel and skill requirements
- ➤ Data conversion activities required

29

WHY

Alternatives Analysis

- ➤ Operational impacts on existing procedures, user relationships, system support plans
- ➤ Resource effects during development and operations
- ➤ Cost to operate the new system once implemented





WHY

Cost-Benefit Analysis

- Determines which alternative will provide the greatest benefits relative to its costs
- Identifies the tangible and intangible benefits
- Provides the estimated cost of developing and operating each alternative



WHY

FNS Cost Benefit Analysis Requirements

- IAPD must show a <u>meaningful</u> cost comparison was completed.
- Requirement for demonstrating the number of years to break even is eliminated.
- Tracking and reporting on the CBA beyond the initial approval is *eliminated*.

NHAT

General System Design (GSD)

- ➤ A broad high-level description of how the system will look from the technical side
- > Describes generic system architecture with possible components and processes



WHAT

General System Design (GSD)

- Combination of narrative and technical diagrams
- Identifies overall logic flow and systems functions desired
- Identifies performance requirements
- Identifies operating environment



WHAI

Capacity Planning

Determines overall size, performance and resilience of an information system



Capacity Planning Helps to establish a computer installation that meets current and projected systems needs

Capacity Planning Considerations: • Expected storage capacity • # of on-line processes and contention • Performance and response time • Level of resilience • Impact of security • Hours of operation

Project Management Plan • Project oversight • Governance • Reporting requirements • How you will achieve professional project management • The State's own roles, responsibilities and expectations

HOW

Resource Requirements

- •Describes resources the State expects to use Staff
 - **Funding**

Facilities

- •Requests funding from FNS
- •Ties closely to Project Management Plan
- •Describes all staff resources that will be used 10% or more throughout the project

40

WHEN

Schedule of Activities, Milestones and Deliverables

Schedule of key design, development, and implementation tasks, events, and deliverables for the life of the project





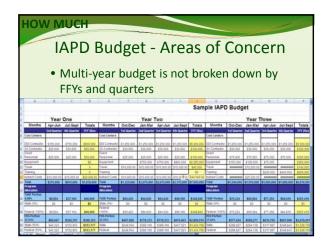
HOW MUCH

Budget

- Capture all anticipated expenditures of project implementation phase described in detail.
- Reflect the duration of the development/ implementation phase broken out by FFY and quarter.
- Provide **narrative text** as needed to support line items.

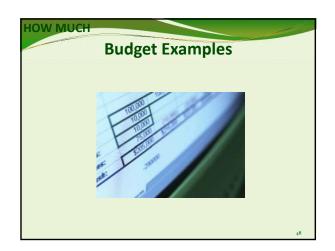


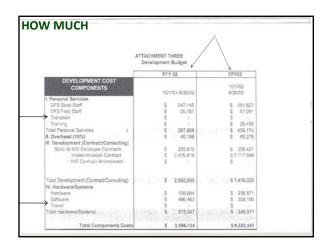
HOW MUCH	
IAPD Budget - Areas of	f Concern
Failure to include indirect costs	
Program staff costs not included inappropriately	or charged

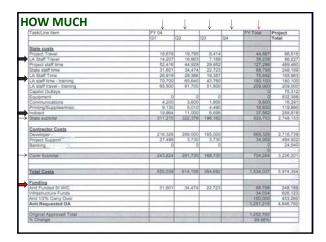


IAPD Budget - Areas of Concern • Budget includes primary contractor costs but fails to include other contracted services

IAPD Budget - Areas of Concern • State "body shop" contractor costs not included





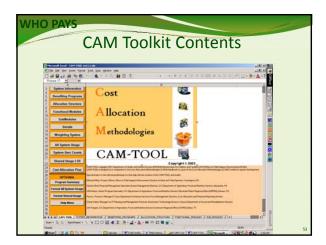




WHO PAYS

Cost Allocation Methodology (CAM) Toolkit

- Helps States determine how to allocate software development costs to Federal and State benefiting programs over the system development lifecycle
- Expedites the Federal approval process for State Cost Allocation Plans



HOW	
Security Plan	
Provides the approach and required security plan Describes the physical, electronic, a operational security of the system Hardware Software	
Data Communications Facilities	n
	47

HOW MUCH

Waiver of Depreciation

FNS requires State agencies to depreciate the cost of equipment purchases over the expected life of the equipment

UNLESS

a formal waiver is requested



55

HOW

Test Plan

- Test Methodology types of testing to be performed
- Test team organization and responsibilities
- Test database generation
- Test case development
- Test schedule
- Documentation of test results
- Contingency Plan

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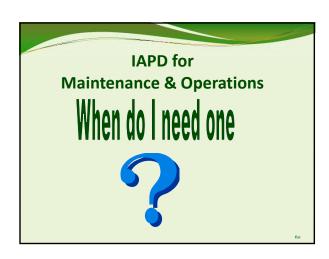
HOW

Training Plan

- Describes how all users will be trained
- Describes the methodologies to be used
- Defines materials to be developed
- Includes travel in the training budget
- Provides a timetable for training
- Addresses on-going training needs

Documents	SNAP	SNAP EBT	WIC	WIC SAM	WIC EBT
1- Transmittal Letter with Official Signature	Х	Х	Х	Х	х
2 - Executive Summary	Х	x	Х	х	x
3- Functional Requirements Documents	Х	N/A	Х	х	Х
4 - Feasibility Study/Alternatives Analysis	Х	N/A	Х	х	X (optional)
5- Cost-Benefit Analysis	Х	N/A	Х	Х	X (optional)
6- General Systems Design	Х	N/A	Х	N/A (from transfer)	X
7- Capacity Planning or Study	Х	N/A	Х	Х	х
8- Project Management Plan	Х	х	Х	Х	Х
9- Resource Requirements	X	X	X	X	x
10- Schedule of Activities, Milestones, and Deliverables	Х	х	Х	Х	× HINT × It's in × 901/
11- Proposed Budget	Х	X	Х	Х	XXXXVX
12- Cost Allocation Plan	Х	X	Х	Х	xhe on
13- Security Planning	Х	X	Х	Х	x 201/
14- Request for Waiver of Depreciation	Х	X	Х	Х	Х
15-Test Plan	х	Х	Х	Х	х
16-Training Plan	Х	x	х	х	х





IAPD for M&O



<u>Prior approval is required</u> when it includes significant hardware upgrades, platform changes, and/or software enhancements.

No approval needed for routine operations, including corrective, adaptive or perfective changes – without introducing additional functional capability.

Maintenance and Operations Decision Table Examples		
	IAPD Required	IAPD Not Required
	Replacement of mainframe and associated peripheral devices	Routine hardware replacement of routers, hubs, storage devices that does not affect type of platform
Hardware	Architecture change from client/server or distributed system to web-based	Routine PC replacement (usually planned in advance on a cycle replacing a percentage of PCs on an annual basis)
	Increased storage and/or processor capacity to meet increased caseload requirements	Upgrade of peripheral devices such as printers or scanners
		Procurement for leased hardware and peripherals needs to be rebid
Source	: FNS Handbook 901	62

Maintenance and Operations Decision Table Examples			
	IAPD Required	IAPD Not Required	
	Software enhancement adds new functionality to the existing certification/eligibility or issuance system	Routine software maintenance, including fixes, patches, and upgrades that do not introduce additional functional capabilities to the system	
Software	Implementation of Enterprise Architecture	Routine software license renewals	
		Routine support activities that normally include corrective, adaptive, and perfective changes, without introducing additional functional capabilities	
Source	Source: FNS Handbook 901 63		

Maintenance and Operations Decision Table Examples			
	IAPD Required	IAPD Not Required	
Services	Consultant services are required to develop and implement software upgrades to an existing system that adds new functionality to the system	Contract for routine maintenance and operations services is due to expire, needs to be rebid; SOW does not include any enhancements or upgrades to software that will add functionality to the system	
Sour	Source: FNS Handbook 901 64		

The chart indicates I don't need an IAPD. . .

What do I do?

Submit:

- ➤ RFP to FNS for prior approval
- ➤ Signed transmittal letter
- **≻**Contract

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FNS IAPD Review Criteria

FNS IAPD Review Criteria

Adequately identifies objectives and needs of the system

Did you make your business case?



67

FNS IAPD Review Criteria

Provides an acceptable plan for proceeding

Are your goals and objectives feasible and reasonable?

Are your goals achievable?





FNS IAPD Review Criteria

Includes a detailed project plan of all activities

Did you fully describe the scope of the design, development, and implementation activities?



FNS IAPD Review Criteria

Includes an acceptable Alternatives and Cost-benefit Analyses

Do the improvements or benefits justify the cost of the chosen alternative?

70



FNS IAPD Review Criteria

Identify adequate funds, resources, and skills

Are committed funds, skilled staff and other resources adequate to succeed?

Does the proposed system duplicate or conflict with other systems or efforts using the same resources?

71



FNS IAPD Review Criteria

Comprehensive project management plan

Does the State demonstrate the ability to manage the project professionally?



FNS IAPD Review Criteria

Includes Line Item Budget by FFY and Quarters and the sources and amounts of Federal and non-Federal funding

Is the budget in a clear format, broken down by phase, FFY, and quarters with narrative explanations of costs as needed?

73



FNS IAPD Review Criteria

Approvable Cost Allocation Plan

Are costs allocated to all benefiting programs, using a reasonable method?

74



FNS IAPD Review Criteria

Submission of a comprehensive test plan

Does the IAPD contain at least a preliminary test plan with a commitment to submit a fully developed plan for approval?



IAPD Approval Conditions

- General Related to availability of Federal funds and compliance to FNS regulations
- **Specific** Funding may be approved for only a specific time period or incrementally based upon specific conditions

Documents, such as the test plan, must be submitted for approval when finalized

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Retroactive Approval

State agencies are urged to communicate with FNS early and often.

Retroactive approvals are granted only in the most extreme circumstances.

Poor planning or communication is not considered a valid reason for retroactive approval of funding.

Review Learning Objectives

After completing this module, learners will:

- ➤ Understand the purpose of the IAPD
- ➤ Understand the components that comprise the IAPD
- ➤ Understand the contents of each component
- ➤ Know the process and steps for an IAPD submission and review

